

The study of the expected fair centers in Latur District

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Introduction

Culture plays an important role in the development of any nation, it present a set of shared of attitudes values and practices. Culture and creativity manifest themselves in almost all economic, social and other activities. A country as diverse as India is symbolized by the purity of its culture.

Maharashtra has recognized fairs as a major part for economic growth in the state. This land is rich in culture, tradition and festivals and is a major trade and tourist destination of India attracting thousand of tourist from across the world every year.

The spatial distributional patter of fair centres and their proportion to the dependent villages. Their influence area and the population served is useful in planning for indicating new fair centres in the study region. It is seen in the study region some villages where fair and festivals is celebrated in litter manner, but these fair and festivals enlarging year to year.

Study Area

Latur district is considered it lies between $17^{\circ}52'$ and $18^{\circ}50'$ North latitudes, $76^{\circ}12'$ and $77^{\circ}18'$ East longitudes. It is surrounded by Beed and Parbhani district in the north, Nanded district in the north east, Karnataka state in the south east and Osmanabad district in the North West. Today ten tahsils are existed in Latur district. Total Population of Latur district is 2455543 as per Census 2011.

Objectives of the Study

- 1) To study the concept of expected fair centres.
- 2) To study of the benefit of expected fair centres
- 3) To study of the suitable framework for the expected fair centres in Latur District.

Data Base :

The present study is based on secondary data the data has been gathered from various sources and it includes both published and unpublished maps. Census of

India, Socio-economic abstract, district gazetteers, other different government publication and various websites. For the study of expected fair centres in Latur district used the following formula

$$Rn = \frac{\text{Observed Mean Distance}}{\text{Expected Mean Distance}}$$

$$0.5\sqrt{\frac{A}{N}}$$

Define :

RN = Randomties

A = Total Area

N = Total Number of Fair Centers

$$\text{Mean} = \frac{\sum x}{N} \quad \text{S.D.} = \sqrt{\frac{\sum (x - \bar{x})^2}{N}}$$

Expected Fair Centres

Table No.1

Tahsilwise Expected fair Centres Name and Numbers

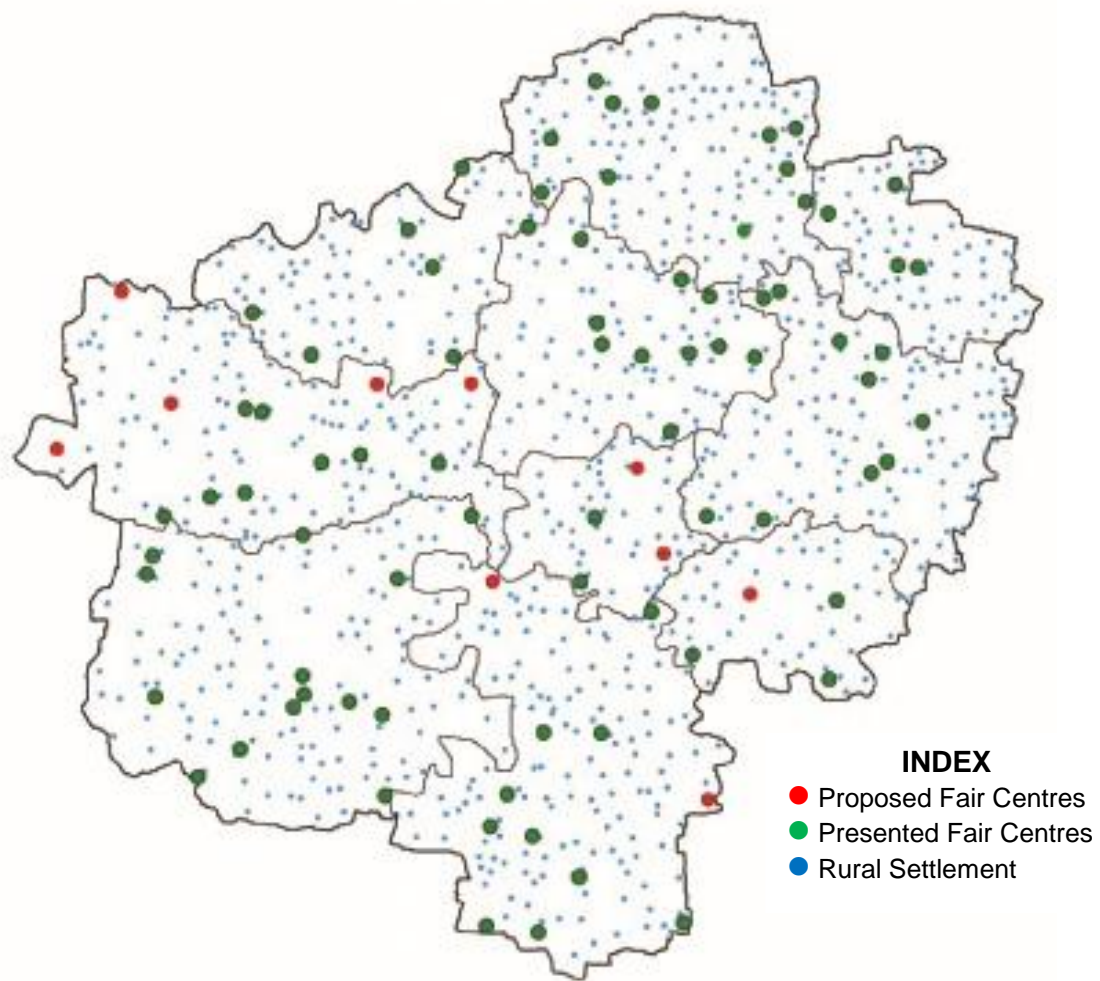
Sr.No.	Tahsil	Expected Fair Centres	Name of Expected Fair Centres
1	Latur	05	Murud, Mahapur, Chikalthana, Chincholi Ballalnath, Sarsa
2	Renapur	-	-
3	Ahmedpur	-	-
4	Jalkot	-	-
5	Chakur	-	-
6	Shirur A.	02	Yerol, Sakol
7	Ausa	-	-
8	Nilanga	02	Aurad Shahajani, Nitur
9	Deoni	01	Walandi
10	Udgir	-	

Source : Compiled by Author

As per the table, quite sufficient fair centre as concern of area and population of these seven tahsils have also good market facility for the tahsil Latur 05 and Nilanga 02 have proposed of new fair centres.

Map 1

Proposed Fair Centres in Latur District



Conclusion

The above analysis shows that there is clearly need of some more fair centres in the study region central and northern part of the study region is less developed in infrastructure and communication compare to southern and eastern part of the study region. Some fair centres are famous in western region but development level of these fair centres is very less hence they could not introduce to people in well manner. According all these things keep in 10 new fair centres suggested of favourable sites in the study region.

Reference

- 1) Mahslekar I.M. (2015), 'A Geographical Study of Fair Centres in Jalna District', Unpublished Ph.D. Thesis S.R.T.M. University, Nanded
- 2) Census of India 2011
- 3) Gazetteer of Latur District
- 4) Socio Economic Abstract Latur District 2017-18
- 5) www.latur.nic.in